

## DETERMINATION OF FLOW RATE BY A VENTURI NOZZLE

$$Q = \alpha \epsilon \frac{\pi d^2}{4} \sqrt{\frac{2\Delta p}{\rho_u}}$$

$\alpha, \epsilon$  is a function of  $\beta$  and  $r_{pd}$  pressure ratio of flow measuring device and can be found from graph as below:

$$r_{pd} = 1 - \frac{\Delta p}{p_u}$$

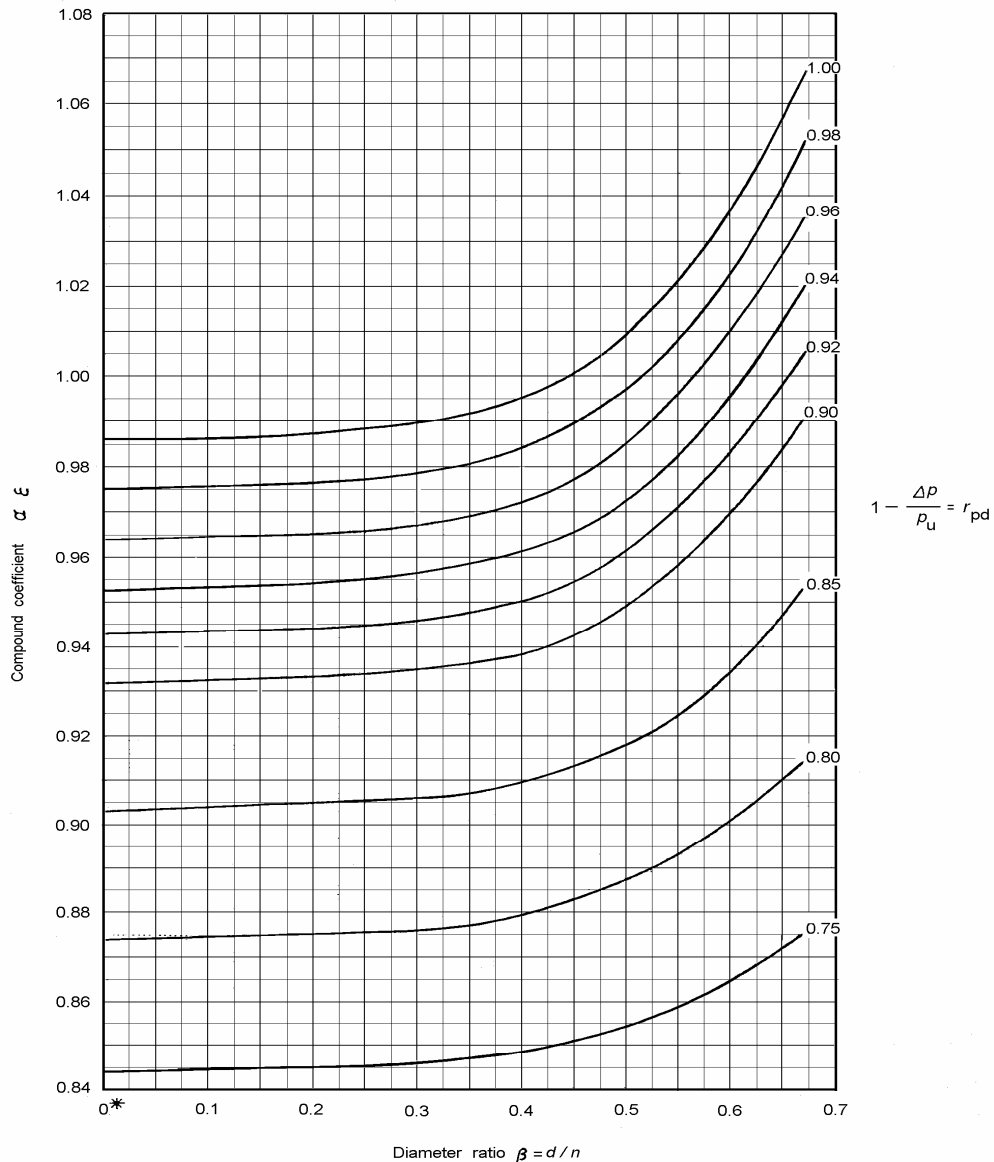
Where:  $\Delta p$  = Manometer pressure difference.

$p_u$  = Upstream pressure. (= Room pressure)

$$\beta = \frac{d}{D}$$

$D = \infty$  (Free entry)

$$\beta = 0$$



\*For a free entry venturi nozzle  $\beta$  should be taken as zero.

Figure 14. Compound flow coefficients of venturi nozzles